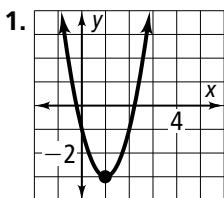


# Practice

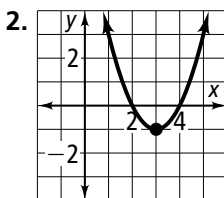
Form G

## Quadratic Graphs and Their Properties

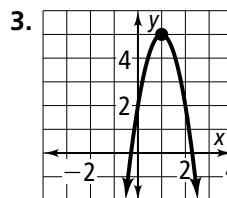
Identify the vertex of each graph. Tell whether it is a minimum or a maximum.



(1, -3); minimum



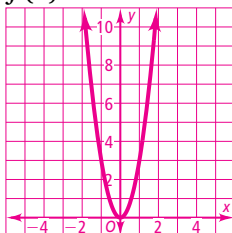
(3, -1); minimum



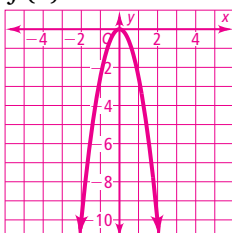
(1, 5); maximum

Graph each function.

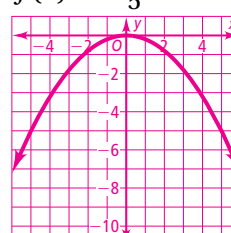
4.  $f(x) = 3x^2$



5.  $f(x) = -2.5x^2$



6.  $f(x) = -\frac{1}{5}x^2$



Order each group of quadratic functions from widest to narrowest graph.

7.  $y = -3x^2, y = -5x^2, y = -1x^2$   
 $-x^2; -3x^2; -5x^2$

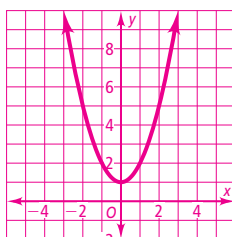
8.  $y = 4x^2, y = -2x^2, y = -6x^2$   
 $-2x^2; 4x^2; -6x^2$

9.  $y = x^2, y = \frac{1}{3}x^2, y = 2x^2$   
 $\frac{1}{3}x^2; x^2; 2x^2$

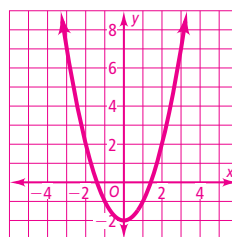
10.  $y = \frac{1}{6}x^2, y = \frac{1}{4}x^2, y = \frac{1}{2}x^2$   
 $\frac{1}{6}x^2; \frac{1}{4}x^2; \frac{1}{2}x^2$

Graph each function.

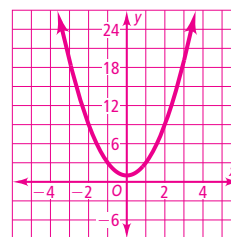
11.  $f(x) = x^2 + 1$



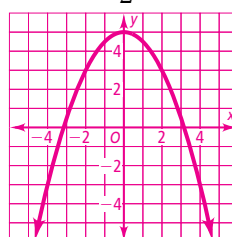
12.  $f(x) = x^2 - 2$



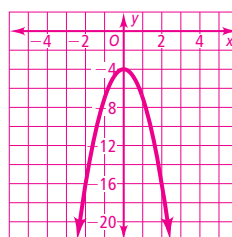
13.  $f(x) = 2x^2 + 1$



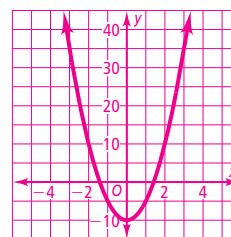
14.  $f(x) = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 5$



15.  $f(x) = -3x^2 - 4$



16.  $f(x) = 5x^2 - 10$



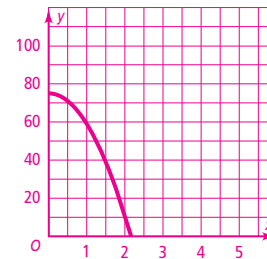
**Practice** (continued)

Form G

Quadratic Graphs and Their Properties

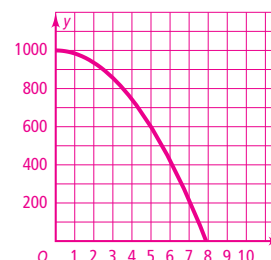
17. For a physics experiment, the class drops a golf ball off a bridge toward the pavement below. The bridge is 75 feet high. The function  $h = -16t^2 + 75$  gives the golf ball's height  $h$  above the pavement (in feet) after  $t$  seconds. Graph the function. How many seconds does it take for the golf ball to hit the pavement?

about 2.2 s



18. A relief organization flew over a village and dropped a package of food and medicine. The plane is flying at 1000 feet. The function  $h = -16t^2 + 1000$  gives the package's height  $h$  above the ground (in feet) after  $t$  seconds. Graph the function. How many seconds does it take for the package to hit the ground?

about 8 s



Identify the domain and range of each function.

19.  $y = 5x^2 - 5$

D: all real numbers; R:  $y \geq -5$

20.  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 3$

D: all real numbers; R:  $y \leq 3$

21.  $y = \frac{3}{5}x^2 - 2$

D: all real numbers; R:  $y \geq -2$

22.  $f(x) = -9x^2 + 1$

D: all real numbers; R:  $f(x) \leq 1$

Use a graphing calculator to graph each function. Identify the vertex and axis of symmetry.

23.  $y = 2.75x^2 + 3$

(0, 3);  $x = 0$ ;

24.  $y = -\frac{1}{3}x^2 - 8$

(0, -8);  $x = 0$ ;

25.  $y = -2x^2 + 7$

(0, 7);  $x = 0$ ;

26. **Writing** Discuss how the function  $y = x^2 + 4$  differs from the graph  $y = x^2$ .

The parent function of  $y = x^2 + 4$  is  $y = x^2$ . Both graphs open the same width and are parabolas that open up. The graph of  $y = x^2$  has a vertex of (0, 0). The graph of  $y = x^2 + 4$  has a vertex of (0, 4) — it is 4 units above the graph of  $y = x^2$ .

27. **Writing** Explain how you can determine if the parabola opens up or down by simply examining the equation.

The coefficient of the  $x^2$  term determines if the parabola opens up or down. A positive coefficient, the graph opens up; a negative coefficient, the graph opens down.